

Computer Code Abstracts*

ABSTRACT No. 14

1. Name of code: HAFEVER
2. Computer for which code is designed: IBM 704
Programming system: FORTRAN II
3. Nature of problem solved: Calculation of the energy exchange inelastic scattering cross section (integrated over angle) according to the Hauser-Feshbach theory as modified by D. Goldman. This modification includes the effect of spin-orbit coupling on the transmission coefficients.
4. Restrictions on the complexity of the problem:
 - Maximum number of energy levels of target nucleus—20
 - Target nucleus originally in ground state
 - Maximum neutron orbital angular momentum, $l = 14$
 - Machine requirements: 8K 704 with 2 drum units and 8 tape units.
5. Typical running time: 5-15 sec
6. Unusual features of the code: This program is one of two similar codes written for the IBM 704. The other code, developed by M. Gursky of Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory, requires at least a 16K machine but has the advantage of giving the angular distribution if this is considered necessary. A code which performs similar types of calculation has also been prepared by M. Kalos and E. Troubetzkoy of NDA for the Datatron 205. Input penetrabilities may be obtained from the SWAMI code (KAPL) or by any other desired methods. The subject code is also part of the ABACUS system developed at KAPL which includes SWAMI, HAFEVER, and an optical parameter search.
7. Present status: At present in use under the General Motors Master Control System (their "F" system). A general form of the code (with slightly modified input/output) that will operate off this system was compiled at Brookhaven National Laboratory and is also available.

8. References:

- M. H. Kalos and E. S. Troubetzkoy, A description of the Sortie I code. NDA Phys. 1349.
- E. D. Reilly, SWAMI, a nuclear optical model code for the IBM-704. KAPL (internal memorandum) (December 7, 1959).
- E. H. Auerbach, ABACUS 1—preliminary description and input preparation. KAPL-M-EHA-1 Physics and Mathematics (December 15, 1960).

* Computer codes for this section should be submitted directly to the *Code Abstract Editor*, Ely M. Gelbard, Bettis Atomic Power Laboratory, Westinghouse Electric Corporation, P. O. Box 1468, Pittsburg 30, Pennsylvania.

M. A. Friedman and P. F. Zweifel, HAFEVER—an inelastic scattering code for the IBM-704. APDA-141 (September, 1960).

M. A. FRIEDMAN AND P. F. ZWEIFEL
Atomic Power Development Associates, Inc.
Detroit, Michigan

ABSTRACT No. 15

1. Name of code: APWRC-SYNFAR
2. Computer for which code is designed: IBM 709
Programming system: FORTRAN II including FAP
3. Nature of problem solved: Synthesis computation of the static flux and reactivity, or of the stable period and corresponding flux shape, in XY or RZ geometry. Direct computation of the same quantities in one-dimensional spherical geometry.
4. Method of solution: It is assumed, in two-dimensional problems, that the flux is separable in the two perpendicular directions. One-dimensional calculations are carried out alternately in each direction, and are coupled through lethargy dependent bucklings. This process is repeated until eigenvalues in both directions agree to within a prescribed convergence criterion. The spatial calculations are based on a few-group model. Few-group constants are prepared internally by a "Moderation Calculation" routine which computes a flux spectrum in the presence of a prescribed buckling. Spatial calculations are either P_1 or S_n .
5. Restrictions on the complexity of the problem:
 - Moderation calculations
 - 20 lethargy levels; temperature 68-2980°F.
 - Modified Age or Coveyou-Macauley theory (4).
 - Spectral hardening based on T -eff = $T_0(1 + 0.75 \Sigma_a / \xi \Sigma_s)^2$.
 - Transport equations
 - 2 or 3 groups
 - $P_1, S_2, S_4, S_6, S_8, S_{16}$; no S_{16} for cylinder direction
 - 199 space intervals/direction
 - 25 material regions/direction
 - 50 averaging regions/direction
 - Machine requirements: 32K memory, ten tape units; card reader not needed.
6. Typical running time: 12 min for 3 passes on right circular cylinder with homogeneous core and reflector (Core No. 2 of WAPD-TM-244) using C groups, P_1 radially, S_{16} axially, 70 intervals in each direction; P_1 convergence in K -eff of 0.0001, S_{16} convergence in K -eff of 0.001, axial-radial convergence in K -eff of 0.002. K -eff = 0.992.
7. Unusual features: The dynamic calculation yields the inverse stable period, as well as K -dynamic, the K -instantaneous neutron lifetime and the effective delay fraction. P_1 and/or S_n synthesis. P_1 or S_n adjoint com-

- putation. Few-group region dependent constants can be obtained using previous pass few-group region dependent bucklings in moderation equations (6). Edit includes optional Benson-Lehner plotting data. Input data FORMAT and logical error diagnostics. Uses GE-ANP energy level scheme and nuclear data tape format. Written under U. S. Army Pressurized Water Reactor Code Development Program.
8. Present status: Production; available on receipt of one full length magnetic tape; nuclear data file will be returned with SYN FAR source and object program. Requests should be submitted to: Mr. Clement Eichel- dinger, Mail No. W-719, The Martin Company, Balti- more 3, Maryland.
9. *References:*
 G. P. Rutledge, P. A. Kantorezyk, Nuclear analysis of thermal reflected homogeneous critical assemblies. WAPD-TM-244 (November, 1960).
- E. E. Gross and J. J. Marable, Static and dynamic multi- plication factors and their relation to the in-hour equa- tion, *Nuclear Sci. and Eng.* **7**, 4 (1960).
- B. Carlson, The DSN and TDC neutron transport codes. LAMS-2346 (February, 1960).
- D. H. Frederick, APWRC-SYN FAR, A FORTRAN II Program for two-dimensional static or dynamic synthe- sis using P_1 or SN DSN flux or adjoint in slab, cylinder, or spherical geometry. MND-C-2460 (January, 1961). ANPP code development program, pressurized water task, quarterly progress report No. Six. MND-C-2205 (February, 1961).
- G. D. Joanou, E. J. Leshan, and J. Alexander, A new method for the calculation of multigroup constants, *Trans. Am. Nuclear Soc.* **3**, (2), 398 (December, 1960).
- C. EICHELDINGER
The Martin Company
Baltimore, Maryland